

Electric Dipole Moments in Supersymmetric Theories

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- CP-violating phases in the MSSM
- One-loop contribution to EDMs and CP crisis in the MSSM
- Higgs-mediated EDMs in the MSSM:
Applications to Baryogenesis and Higgs Searches
- Conclusions

*Talk based on A.P., hep-ph/0207277.

• Introduction – Motivation

Strict experimental limits on EDMs:

$$|d_{Tl}| \lesssim 1.3 \times 10^{-24} \text{ e.cm}, \text{ at } 2\sigma \text{ CL.}$$

(Regan et al.)

$$d_{Tl} [\text{e.cm}] \approx -585 \times d_e [\text{e.cm}]$$

$$+ 8.5 \times 10^{-19} [\text{e.cm}] \times C_S [\text{TeV}^{-2}]$$

+

$$\sim |d_{el}|^{25} \lesssim 2.2 \times 10^{-27} \text{ e.cm}; |C_S| \lesssim 1.5 \times 10^{-6} [\text{TeV}^{-2}]$$

(Smith et al. '90
Harris et al. '99)

$$\sim |d_n|^{25} \lesssim 1.2 \times 10^{-25} \underbrace{(6 \times 10^{-26})}_{\text{criticized}} \text{ e.cm}$$

by Lamoreaux
& Golub (2000)

$$\sim |d_{Hg}|^{25} \lesssim 2.33 \times 10^{-28} \text{ e.cm} \quad (\text{Romalis et al. '01})$$

Falk, Olive, Pospelov, Roiban, NPB 60 (1999) 3;

→ But, many theoretical uncertainties,
such as modelling of nuclear Schiff moment, neglect of
3-gluon operator, higher dim. operators, etc.

● Counting CP-violating phases in the MSSM

$$W_F = \epsilon_{ij} [h_L \hat{H}_1^i \hat{L}^j \hat{E} + h_d \hat{H}_1^i \hat{Q}^j \hat{D} + h_u \hat{H}_2^j \hat{Q}^i \hat{U} - \mu \hat{H}_1^i \hat{H}_2^j]$$

$$W_{\text{soft}} = \sum_{\lambda} m_{\lambda} (\lambda \lambda + \bar{\lambda} \bar{\lambda}) + \epsilon_{ij} [m_{12}^2 \tilde{\Phi}_1^i \Phi_2^j + h_L A_L \tilde{\Phi}_1^i \tilde{L}^j \tilde{E} \\ h_d A_d \tilde{\Phi}_1^i \tilde{Q}^j \tilde{D} + h_u A_u \Phi_2^j \tilde{Q}^i \tilde{U} + \text{H.c.}] +$$

Universal condition at the unification point

m_{λ} common phase , $A_f = A$

Complex parameters : $\{\underline{\mu}, \underline{m_{12}^2}, \underline{m_{\lambda}}, \underline{A}\}$ not all 4 phases
are physical

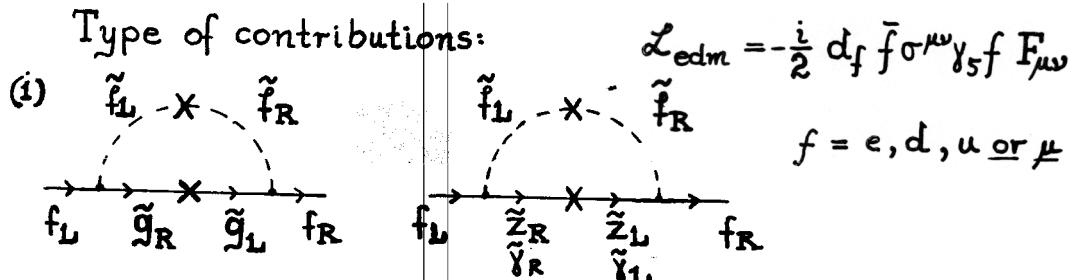
2 phases may be removed by employing 2 global U(1) symmetries governing the conformal-invariant part of the MSSM Lagrangian :

U(1)_Q : $Q(\hat{H}_1) = 1, Q(\hat{H}_2) = -2, Q(\hat{Q}) = Q(\hat{L}) = 0$
 $Q(\hat{U}) = 2, Q(\hat{D}) = Q(\hat{E}) = -1$
 $\underline{\mu}, \underline{m_{12}^2}$ break U(1)_Q

U(1)_R : $\theta \rightarrow e^{i\alpha} \theta, \bar{\theta} \rightarrow e^{-i\alpha} \bar{\theta}$
 $R(\hat{Q}) = R(\hat{L}) = R(\hat{U}) = R(\hat{D}) = R(\hat{E}) = +1$
 $R(\hat{H}_1) = R(\hat{H}_2) = 0$
 $\underline{m_{\lambda}}, \underline{\mu}, \underline{A}$ break U(1)_R

⇒ $\arg(\mu), \arg(A)$ physical CP-odd phases

● One-loop contribution to EDMs and CP crisis



gauge-gauge interactions:

$$\left(\frac{d_f}{e}\right)^{\tilde{g}} \sim Q_f \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \frac{m_f}{M_f^2} \frac{\text{Im}(A_f + R_f \mu^*)}{M_f} \frac{m_g}{M_f} ; R_d = \tan\beta$$

$$R_u = \cot\beta$$

$$\left(\frac{d_f}{e}\right)^{\tilde{\chi}^0} \sim Q_f \frac{\alpha_w}{16\pi} \frac{m_f}{M_f^2} \frac{\text{Im}(A_f + R_f \mu^*)}{M_f} \frac{\{m_W; m_B\}}{M_f}$$

gauge-Higgs interactions:

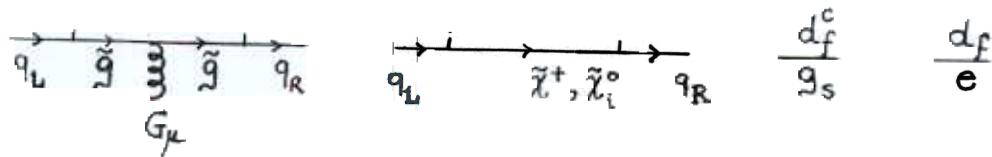
$$\tilde{\chi}^- \sim \{\tilde{W}, \tilde{h}_{1,2}^-\}$$

$$\left(\frac{d_f}{e}\right)^{\tilde{\chi}^-} \sim \frac{\alpha_w}{4\pi} \frac{m_f}{M_f^2} \frac{m_{\tilde{W}} \text{Im} \mu}{\max(M_f^2, M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^-}^2)}$$

Higgs-Higgs interactions:

$$\left(\frac{d_f}{e}\right)^{\tilde{\chi}^+} \sim \frac{\alpha_w}{4\pi} \frac{m_f}{M_f^2} \frac{m_f m_{\tilde{f}} \text{Im}(A_f + R_f \mu^*)}{M_f^2} \sim \text{small}$$

$$(iv) \text{ Chromo EDM contribution} \quad \frac{q}{G_\mu} \quad \mathcal{L}_{\text{cedm}} = \frac{i}{2} d_f^c \bar{f} \sigma^{\mu\nu} \gamma_5 \frac{\lambda^a}{2} f G_{\mu\nu}^a$$



EDM of neutron

$$\frac{d_n}{e} = \left(\frac{g_s(M_Z)}{g_s(m_b)} \right)^{32/23} \left(\frac{g_s(m_b)}{g_s(m_c)} \right)^{32/25} \left(\frac{g_s(m_c)}{g_s(\Lambda)} \right)^{32/27}$$

$$x \left[\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{d_d}{e} \right)_\Lambda + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{d_u}{e} \right)_\Lambda \right] \quad NQM$$

$$m_u(\Lambda) = 7 \text{ MeV} \quad m_d(\Lambda) = 10 \text{ MeV} \quad g_s(\Lambda) = 4\pi/\sqrt{6} \quad \Lambda = 1.19 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\frac{d_n}{e} = \left(\frac{g_s(M_Z)}{g_s(m_b)} \right)^{28/23} \left(\frac{g_s(m_b)}{g_s(m_c)} \right)^{28/25} \left(\frac{g_s(m_c)}{g_s(\Lambda)} \right)^{28/27} \left(\frac{g_s(M_Z)}{g_s(\Lambda)} \right)$$

$$x \left[\frac{4}{9} \left(\frac{d_d}{g_s} \right)_\Lambda + \frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{d_u}{g_s} \right)_\Lambda \right]$$

$$\frac{d_f}{e} \stackrel{1\text{-loop}}{\longrightarrow} 10^{-25} \text{ cm} \times \frac{\{Im\mu, ImA_f\}}{\max(M_f, m_{\tilde{f}})} \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{\max(M_f, m_{\tilde{f}})} \right)^2 \left(\frac{m_f}{10 \text{ MeV}} \right)$$

Schemes of resolving the CP crisis

$$(i) \quad Im\mu/|\mu| \lesssim 10^{-2} \quad ImA_f/|A_f| \lesssim 10^{-1} \quad M_f, m_{\tilde{f}} \sim 200 \text{ GeV}$$

$$(ii) \quad \text{CP phases } \sim O(1) \text{ but } M_f \gtrsim \text{TeV} \quad \text{for } \tilde{f} = \tilde{u}, \tilde{d}, \tilde{s}, \tilde{c}, \tilde{e}$$

$$(iii) \quad Im\mu \leq 10 \text{ } \mu \quad & A_f \leq 10^{-2} \mu \quad \text{for } f = u, d, s, c \text{ but } \arg A_{\tilde{f}, \tilde{f}} \neq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Contributions to e and n EDMs: (MSSM)

- J. Ellis, S. Ferrara and D.V. Nanopoulos, PLB114 (1982) 231; W. Buchmüller and D. Wyler, PLB121 (1983) 321; J. Polchinski and M. Wise, PLB125 (1983) 393; M. Dugan, B. Grinstein and L. Hall, NPB255 (1985) 413; T. Falk, K.A. Olive and M. Srednicki, PLB354 (1995) 99; S. Pokorski, J. Rosiek and C.A. Savoy, hep-ph/9906206; E. Accomando, R. Arnowitt and B. Dutta, hep-ph/9907446; S. Abel, S. Khalil and O. Lebedev, hep-ph/0103320 ...
- • P. Nath, PRL66 (1991) 2565; Y. Kizukuri and N. Oshimo, PRD46 (1992) 3025
- • T. Ibrahim and P. Nath, PLB418 (1998) 98; PRD58 (1998) 111301; M. Brhlik, G.J. Good and G.L. Kane, PR59 (1999) 115004; M. Brhlik, L. Everett, G.L. Kane and J. Lykken, PRL83 (1999) 2124;
- • J. Ellis and R.A. Flores, PLB377 (1996) 83; A. Bartl, T. Gajdosik, W. Porod, P. Stockinger and H. Stremnitzer, PRD60 (1999) 073003.
- → • J. Dai, H. Dykstra, R.G. Leigh, S. Paban and D. Dicus, PLB237 (1990) 216; B242 (1990) 547 (E).
- • D. Chang, W.-Y. Keung and A.P., PRL 82 (1999) 900; A.P., PLB471 (1999) 174.
- • A.P., PRD62 (2000) 016007.

M. Pospelov et al. , $d_{Hg} < 2 \cdot 10^{-28}$ e cm.

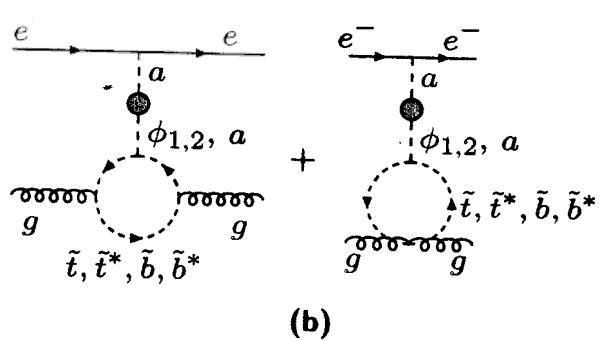
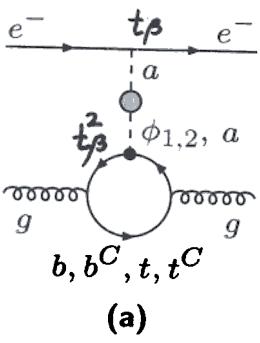
$$\rightarrow e \left| \frac{d_d^e}{g_s} - \frac{d_u^e}{g_s} - 0.012 \frac{d_s^e}{g_s} \right| < 2 \cdot 10^{-26} \text{ e cm}$$

> 25% uncertainties, d_{3g} missing

+ other uncertainties

G_S operator:

[A.P., hep-ph/0207277]



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EDM}} = -\frac{1}{2} \bar{d}_e \bar{e} \sigma_{\mu\nu} i \gamma_5 e F^{\mu\nu} + G_S \bar{N} \bar{N} \bar{e} i \gamma_5 e + \dots$$

α

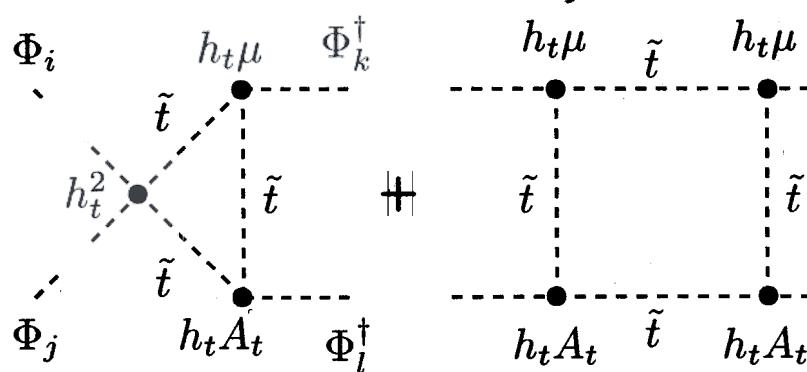
$$H_i \bar{b} [g_{H_i bb}^S + i \gamma_5 g_{H_i bb}^P] b$$

$$g_{H_i bb}^S \sim O_{3i} \text{Im} \left[\frac{(\Delta h_b/h_b) t_\beta^2}{1 + (\Delta h_b/h_b) t_\beta} \right] \xrightarrow{t_\beta \gg 1} O_{3i} \text{Im} \frac{1}{(\Delta h_b/h_b)}$$

FCNC effects at large $\tan\beta$: Talks by U. Nierste
C. Kolda

SP FCNC effects at large $\tan\beta$: A. Dedes & A.P.
in preparation

One-loop CP-violating contributions to the effective Higgs potential:



$$\subset \mathcal{L}_V(\Phi_1, \Phi_2)$$

The one-loop CP-violating effects are proportional to the rephasing-invariant combinations:

$$\text{Im} (m_{12}^{2*} \mu A_{t,b}) \neq 0$$

[A.P., '98
A.P., C.E.M.Wagner
D.Demir
S.Y.Choi, M.Drees
J-S.Lee ...]

Other CP-violating contributions:

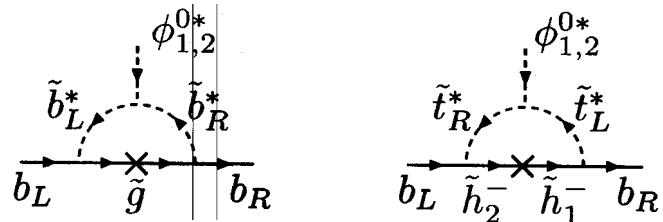
$\text{Im}(m_{12}^{2*} \mu m_{\tilde{W}, \tilde{B}})$: 1-loop chargino/neutralino effects [T.Ibrahim, P.Nath '01]

$\text{Im}(m_{12}^{2*} \mu m_{\tilde{g}})$: 2-loop gluino effects

[M.Carena, J.Ellis, A.P., C.Wagner '00]

– CP-violating vertex effects:

Effective $H_1 b\bar{b}$ -coupling



$$-\mathcal{L}_{\phi^0 \bar{b}b}^{\text{eff}} = (h_b + \delta h_b) \phi_{1,2}^{0*} \bar{b}_R b_L + \Delta h_b \phi_2^{0*} \bar{b}_R b_L + \text{h.c.}$$

with

$$\frac{\delta h_b}{h_b} \sim \frac{2\alpha_s}{m_g^* A_b} - \frac{|h_t|^2}{|\mu|^2}$$

$$\frac{\Delta h_b}{h_b} \sim$$

and

$$h_b = \frac{g_w m_b}{\sqrt{2} M_W \cos \beta [1 + \delta h_b/h_b + (\Delta h_b/h_b) \tan \beta]}$$

[M. Carena, J. Ellis, A. P., C. Wagner,
NPB586 (2000) 92.]

CPX: $\tilde{M}_Q = \tilde{M}_t = \tilde{M}_b = M_{\text{SUSY}}$, $|M| = 4 M_{\text{SUSY}}$
 $|A_t| = |A_b| = 2 M_{\text{SUSY}}$
 $\arg(A_{t,b}) = 90^\circ$
 $|m_g| = 1 \text{ TeV}$, $\arg(m_g) = 90^\circ$

[M. Carena, J. Ellis,
A.P., C. Wagner,
PLB 495 (2000) 155.]

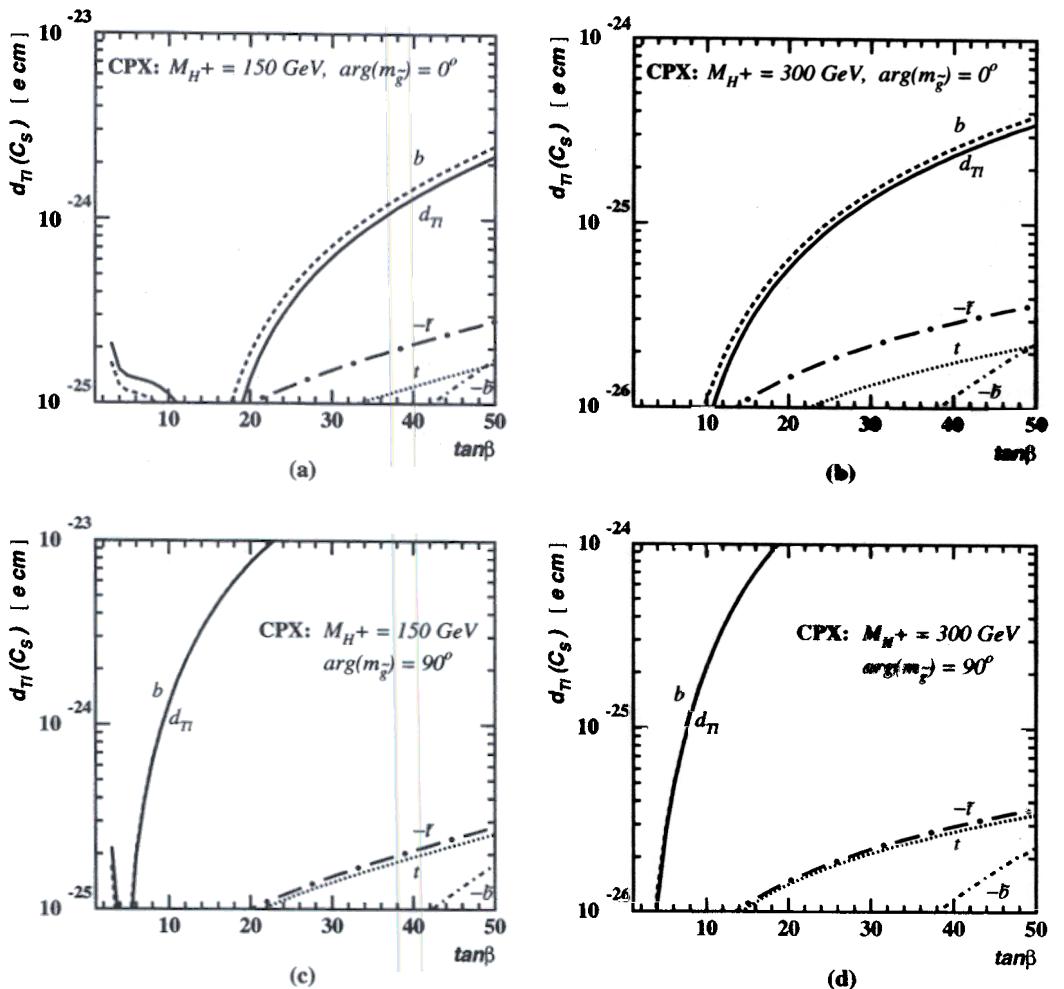
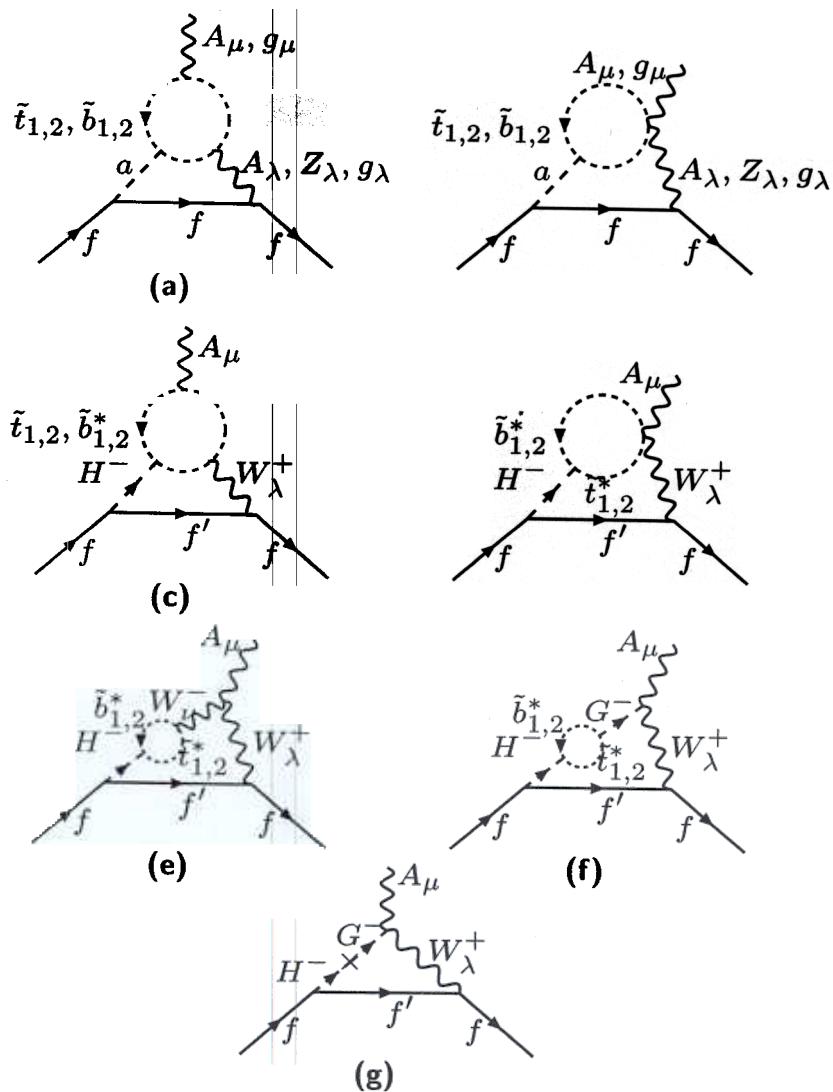
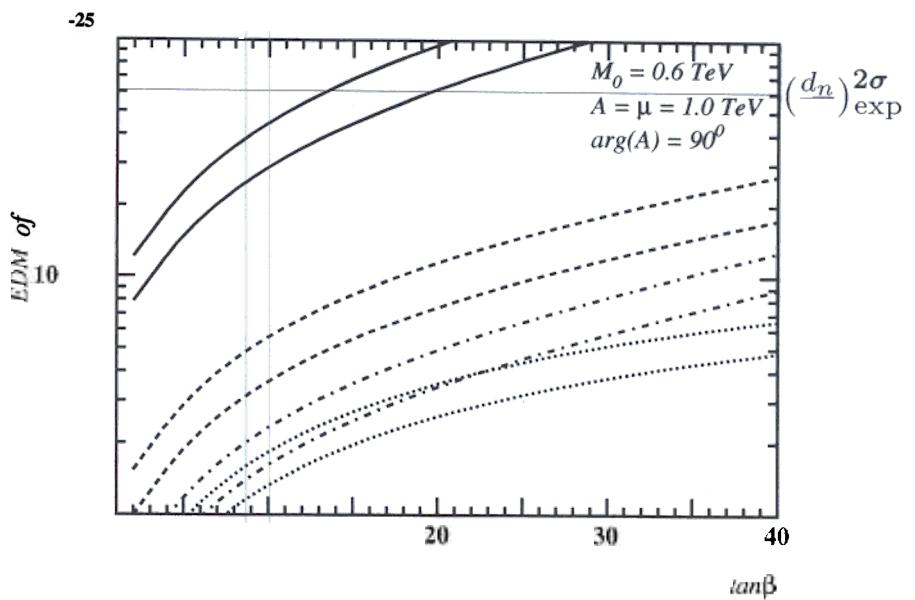
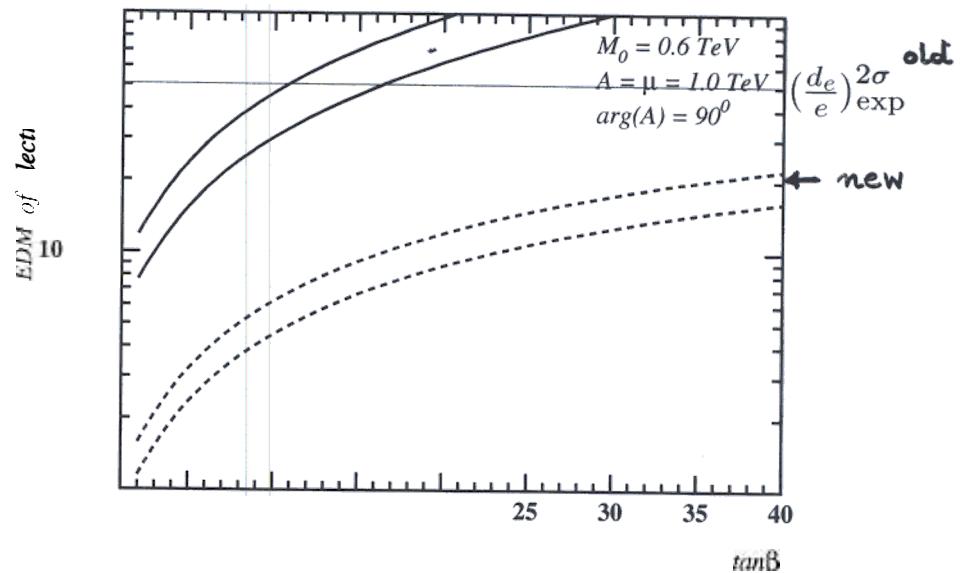


Figure 3: Numerical estimates of ^{205}Tl EDM d_{Tl} induced by the CP-odd electron-nucleon operator C_S as functions of $\tan\beta$, in four selected CPX scenarios with $M_{\text{SUSY}} = 1 \text{ TeV}$. The values of the CPX parameters are given in (4.1). The individual b, \bar{t}, t, \bar{b} contributions to $d_{Tl}(C_S)$, along with their relative signs, are also displayed.

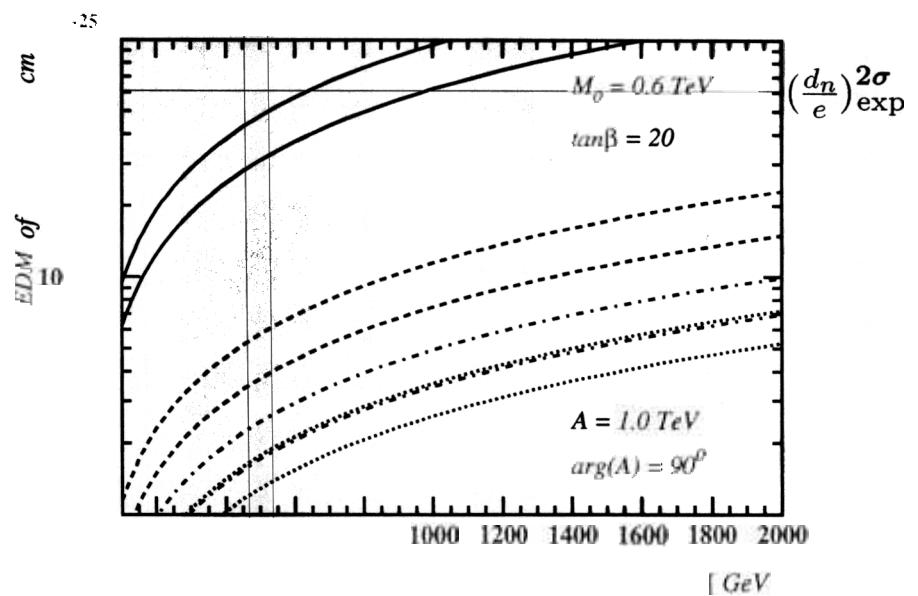
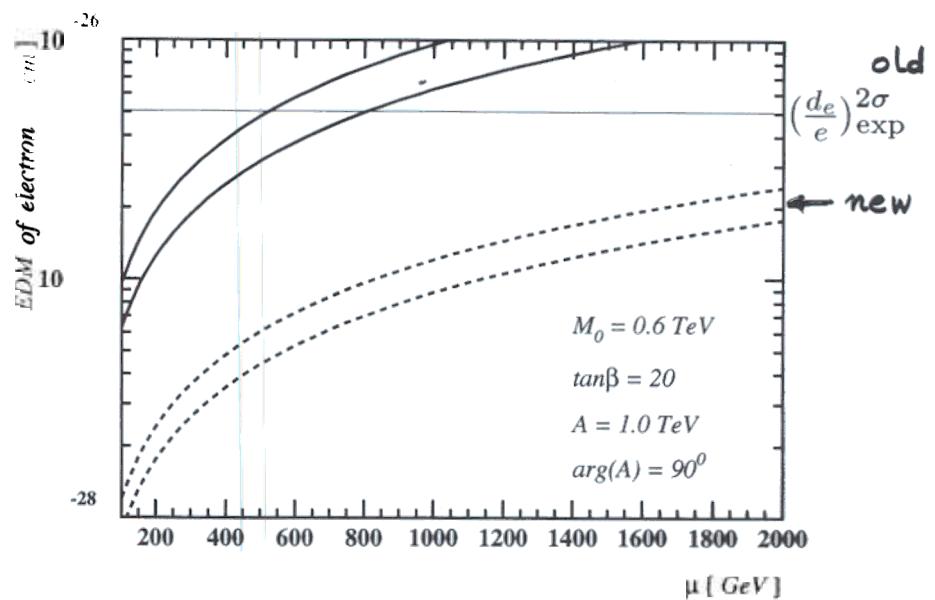
Higgs-boson two-loop contributions to EDM and CEDM of a fermion in the Feynman–'t Hooft gauge; f' represents the conjugate fermion of f under T_z^f [D. Chang, W.-Y. Keung, A.P., Phys. Rev. Lett. **82** (1999) 900; A.P., Phys. Lett. **B471** (1999) 174.]

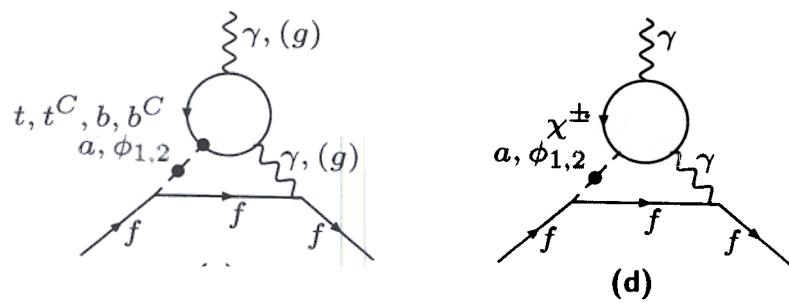
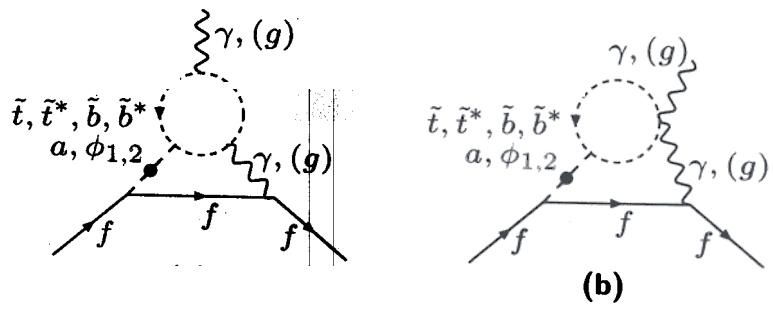


M_a 150 300 GeV



$M_\alpha \quad 150 \quad 300 \text{ GeV}$





$d_e \propto$ CP phases, $\tan\beta$, $\frac{1}{M_\alpha}$

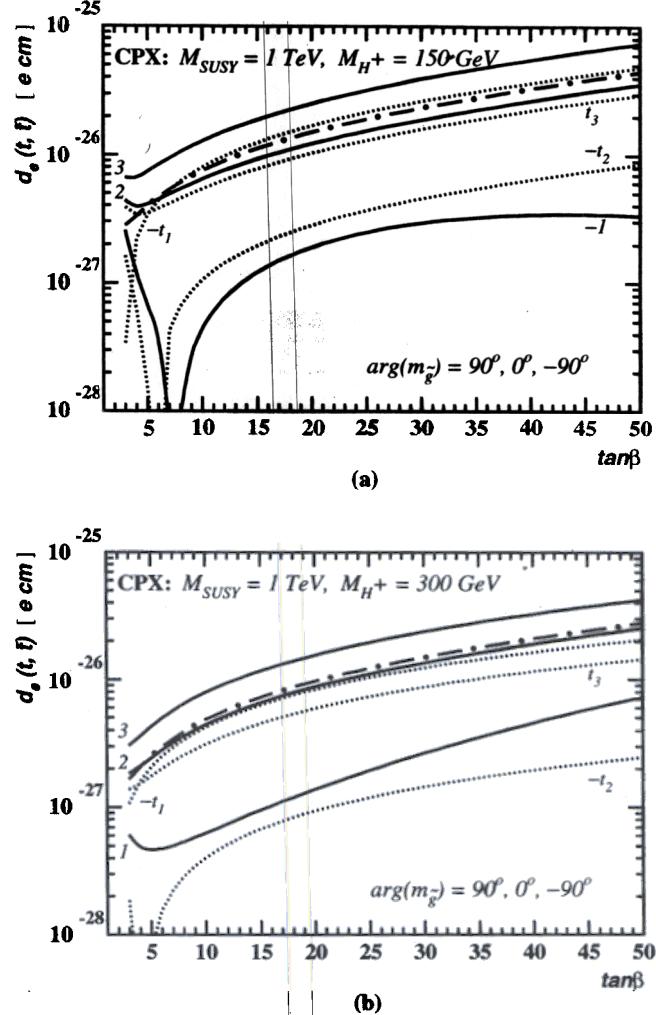


Figure 4: Numerical estimates of resummed Higgs-boson two-loop effects on d_e , induced by t, b - quarks and \tilde{t}, \tilde{b} - squarks, as functions of $\tan\beta$, in two variants of the CPX scenario, with (a) $M_{H^+} = 150$ GeV and (b) $M_{H^+} = 300$ GeV. The long-dash-dotted lines indicate the stop/sbottom contributions to d_e . The dotted lines $t_{1,2,3}$ correspond to top/bottom contributions, for $\arg(m_{\tilde{g}}) = 90^\circ, 0^\circ, -90^\circ$, respectively. Likewise, the solid lines 1, 2, 3 give the sum of all the aforementioned contributions to d_e for the same values of gluino phases. Contributions to d_e that are denoted with a minus sign are negative.

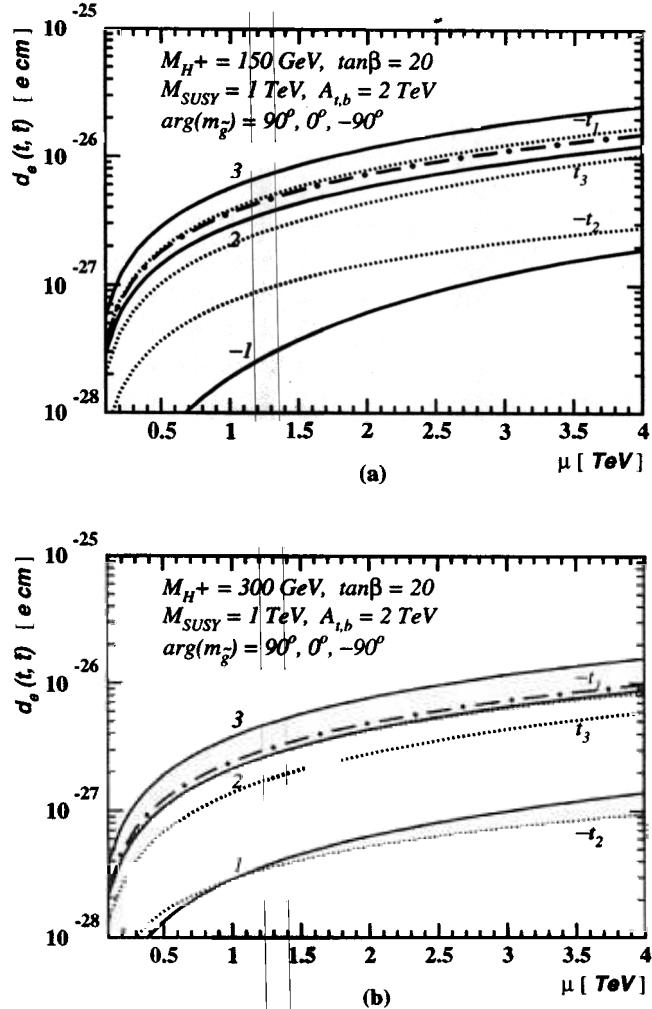


Figure 5: Numerical values of resummed Higgs-boson two-loop effects on d_e , induced by t, b - quarks and \tilde{t}, \tilde{b} - squarks, as functions of μ , in two variants of the CPX scenario, with $\tan\beta = 20$, and (a) $M_{H^+} = 150$ GeV and (b) $M_{H^+} = 300$ GeV. The meaning of the different line types is identical to that of Fig. 4. For $A_{t,b} = 0$, the long-dash-dotted line disappears and so the solid lines collapse to the dotted ones.

EDM constraints on Electroweak Baryogenesis

[A.P., hep-ph/0207277]

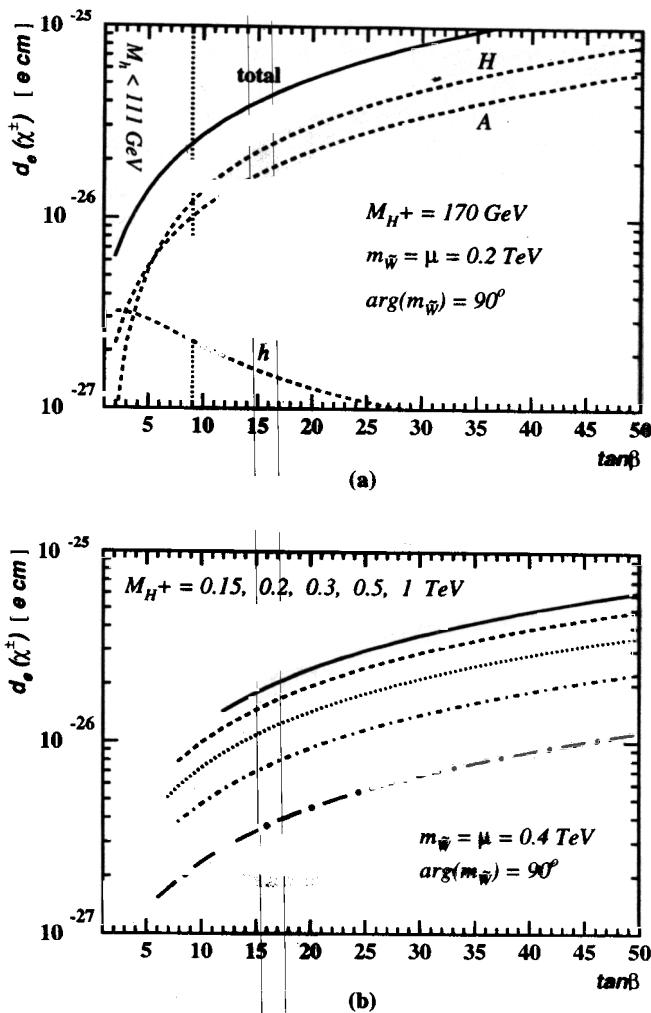


Figure 6: d_e versus $\tan \beta$ in a scenario favoured by electroweak baryogenesis, with MSSM parameters $\tilde{M}_Q = \tilde{M}_D = 3$ TeV, $\tilde{M}_U = 0$, $A_{t,b} = 1.8$ TeV, $m_{\tilde{g}} = 3$ TeV and $\arg(A_{t,b}) = \arg(m_{\tilde{g}}) = 0^\circ$. In (a), $M_{H^+} = 170$ GeV is used, corresponding to $M_{A^+} \approx 150$ GeV, and $m_{\tilde{W}} = \mu = 0.2$ TeV and $\arg(m_{\tilde{W}}) = 90^\circ$. Also displayed are the individual 'h', 'H', 'A' contributions to d_e and the LEP excluded region from direct Higgs-boson searches. In (b), numerical values are shown for $M_{H^+} = 150$ GeV (solid), 200 GeV (dashed), 300 GeV (dotted), 500 GeV (dash-dotted) and 1 TeV (long-dash-dotted), in a scenario with $m_{\tilde{W}} = \mu = 0.4$ TeV and $\arg(m_{\tilde{W}}) = 90^\circ$. [Related study by D.Chang et al., hep-ph/0205084 with different results? (v2, 4 June '02)]

32

* Compatible with studies by M.Carena, J.Moreno, M.Quiros, M.Seco, G.Wagner.

New phenomenological structure starts emerging ...

